



(UBS)

## US consumer confidence rises in August, home prices hit a record high in June

28 August 2024, 8:46 pm CEST, written by UBS Editorial Team

US consumer confidence improved in August, with the Conference Board's index climbing to 103.3, up from a revised 101.9 in July, while US home prices reached a record high in June with the S&P CoreLogic Case-Shiller National Home Price Index recording a 0.2% month-over-month gain and a 5.4% increase year over year.

US consumer confidence improved in August, with the Conference Board's index climbing to 103.3, up from a revised 101.9 in July. However, concerns about the labor market are growing, with slightly fewer consumers viewing jobs as "plentiful" and a marginal increase in those finding jobs "hard to get." Meanwhile, US home prices reached a record high in June, as the S&P CoreLogic Case-Shiller National Home Price Index recorded a 0.2% month-over-month gain and a 5.4% increase year over year. This marks the fifth straight month of rising prices, though the pace of gains is slowing. Despite a recent drop in mortgage rates, affordability remains a challenge, with the National Association of Realtors' affordability index dropping to 93.3 in June, relative to 93.5 in May and 93.7 a year ago.

*Our view:* The rise in consumer confidence reflects a more upbeat tone on the economy, likely thanks in part to inflation softening. However, the increasing weakness in the labor market, as well as the record high in home prices and related affordability challenges, are reminders that the picture is not all rosy for the US consumer. Our base case, however, is still for a soft landing, where consumer spending cools but remains resilient and the economy avoids a recession. Markets are also now pricing in an almost certain chance of an interest rate cut by the Fed in September, which should bode well for consumer sentiment and housing affordability going forward. We expect the Fed to cut at each of its three remaining meetings this year, with 100-basis points of reductions in total. This scenario would create a positive backdrop for risk



assets like quality stocks. It would also erode returns on cash, underlining our view that investors should reallocate cash into high-quality bonds, such as those from investment grade corporates.

Main contributor: Shawn Awan, Research and Communications Associate

See more in the Caught our attention section of the US Daily-Markets brace for NVIDIA earnings amid potential volatility, 28 August, 2024

## Important information

As a firm providing wealth management services to clients, UBS Financial Services, Inc is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment adviser and a broker-dealer, offering both investment advisory and brokerage services. Advisory services and brokerage services are separate and distinct, differ in material ways and are governed by different laws and separate contracts. It is important that you carefully read the agreements and disclosures UBS provides to you about the products or services offered. For more information, please visit our website at www.ubs.com/workingwithus.

© UBS 2024. All rights reserved. UBS Financial Services Inc. is a subsidiary of UBS AG. Member FINRA/SIPC.

There are two sources of UBS research. Reports from the first source, UBS CIO Global Wealth Management, are designed for individual investors and are produced by UBS Global Wealth Management (which includes UBS Financial Services Inc. and UBS International Inc.). The second research source is UBS Group Research, whose primary business focus is institutional investors. The two sources operate independently and may therefore have different recommendations. The various research content provided does not take into account the unique investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of any specific individual investor. If you have any questions, please consult your Financial Advisor. UBS Financial Services Inc. is a subsidiary of UBS AG and an affiliate of UBS International Inc.